Spring Term 1 –	Spring Term 2 –
CHOCOLATE	TRAVEL AND TRANSPORT
Traditional tales	
Jack and the Bean Stalk	
Poetry week	Speaking and listening
	EYFS
Speaking and listening EYFS	• Use past, present and future forms accurately when talking about events that have happened or
Follow instructions involving several ideas or actions	are to happen in the future
 Express themselves effectively, showing awareness of listeners' needs. 	Develop their own narratives and explanations by connecting ideas or events.
• Express memselves ellectively, showing awareness of listeners needs. Year 1	Year 1
Organise talk to help the listener, with overall structure evident	Show understanding of characters or situations by adapting speech, gesture, and movement,
Year 2	helping to create roles and scenarios
 Show awareness of ways in which speakers vary talk, and why 	Year 2
Reading	• Extend experience and ideas, adapting speech, gesture, or movement to simple roles and different
EYFS	scenarios
Children read and understand simple sentences.	Reading
They read some common irregular words.	EYFS
EYFS Greater Depth	They demonstrate understanding when talking with others about what they have read.
They use phonic, semantic and syntactic knowledge to understand unfamiliar vocabulary.	EYFS Greater Depth
Year 1	Children can read phonically regular words of more than one syllable as well as many irregular but
• Read common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and	high frequency words. Year 1
where these occur in the word	
Check that the text makes sense to them as they read and correct inaccurate reading	 With support, predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read (or images seen) With support, children are motivated to discuss new vocabulary and they can make plausible links
Year 1 Greater Depth	• with support, children are motivated to discuss new vocabulary and they can make plausible links to words they know
• With teacher help, discuss their favourite words and phrases and begin to suggest and give	Year 1 Greater Depth
reasons	• With prompting, is beginning to discuss the author's vocabulary choices 'Why do you think he
Year 2	used?
Read accurately most words of two or more syllables	Year 2
Read most common exception words*.	Read most words containing common suffixes*
In age-appropriate books the pupil can:	In age-appropriate books the pupil can:
Read words accurately and fluently without overt sounding and blending	 Sound out most unfamiliar words accurately, without undue hesitation and check it makes sense to
Year 2 Greater Depth	them
Make inferences	Year 2 Greater Depth
Writing	• With greater confidence, can discuss vocab choices and begin to consider the impact
EYFS	Writing
They write simple sentences which can be read by themselves and others.	EYFS
Year 1	They also write some irregular common words.
 Use a capital letter for names of people, places, the days of the week mostly correctly 	Year 1
Spell words containing each of the 40+ phonemes already taught mostly accurately	Sequence sentences to form short narratives
Year 1 Greater Depth	• Show some accurate use of -ing -ed -er -est where no change
 Draw on stories they know to inform their language and sentence structure in their writing 	is needed in the spelling of root words for example: helping, helped, helper
Year 2	Year 1 Greater Depth
Spell many common exception words *	• Re read writing and make appropriate revisions so that the word choices are effective
• Form capital letters and digits of the correct size, orientation and relationship to one another and to	Year 2
lower case letters	Use present and past tense mostly correctly and consistently
Year 2 Greater Depth	• Use co-ordination (e.g. or/and/but) and some subordination (e.g. when/if/that/because) to join

Make simple additions, revisions and proofreading corrections to their own writing	 clauses Year 2 Greater Depth Add suffixes to spell most words correctly in their writing (e.g. – ment, –ness, ful, –less, –ly) *
Summer Term 1 –	Summer Term 2 –
KINGS AND QUEENS	COASTS
Princess Mirrorbelle by Julia Donaldson	Safety poster
Cinderellla, Sleeping Beauty, Beauty and the Beast	Non chronological report
Speaking and listening	The Lighthouse Keeper stories.
EYFS	Speaking and listening
Listen attentively in a range of situations	EYFS
Listen to stories, accurately anticipating key events	 Respond to what they hear with relevant comments, questions or actions
Answer 'how' and 'why' questions about their experiences and in response to stories or events	Follow instructions involving several ideas or actions
 Year 1 Organise talk to help the listener, with overall structure evident 	• Express themselves effectively, showing awareness of listeners' needs.
Respond to the speaker's main ideas, developing them through generally relevant comments and	• Use past, present and future forms accurately when talking about events that have happened or are to happen in the future
suggestions	Develop their own narratives and explanations by connecting ideas or events.
 Adapt language and nonverbal features to suit content and audience 	Year 1
Year 2	Develop ideas and feelings through sustained
 Make specific vocabulary choices and use nonverbal features that show awareness of different 	Speaking turns
purposes and listeners in some contexts	Attempt different roles and responsibilities in pairs or groups
• Extend experience and ideas, adapting speech, gesture, or movement to simple roles and different	Show understanding of characters or situations by adapting speech, gesture, and movement,
scenarios • Show awareness of ways in which speakers vary talk, and why	helping to create roles and scenarios
Show awareness of ways in which speakers vary tark, and why	Year 2 Recount experiences and imagine possibilities
Reading	Often connecting ideas vary talk in simple ways to gain and hold attention of the listener
EYFS	Listen and respond to the speaker, making simple comments and suggestions make helpful
Children read and understand simple sentences.	contributions when speaking in turn in pairs, and small groups
They use phonic knowledge to decode regular words and read them aloud accurately.	Reading
EYFS Greater Depth	EYFS
They can describe the main events in the simple stories they have read.	They also read some common irregular words.
Year 1	They demonstrate understanding when talking with others about what they have read.
 Read accurately by blending sounds in unfamiliar words containing GPCs (Grapheme phoneme correspondence) 	EYFS Greater depth
Read aloud accurately books that are consistent with their developing phonic	Children can read phonically regular words of more than one syllable as well as many irregular but high frequency words.
Drawing on what they know, their experiences and information/ideas/vocabulary provided by the	They use phonic, semantic and syntactic knowledge to understand unfamiliar vocabulary.
teacher make connections about stories	Year 1
 With help, ask and answer appropriate questions related to text 	• Respond speedily with the correct sound to graphemes (letters or groups of letters) for all 40+
• With support, predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read (or images seen)	phonemes
Year 1 Greater Depth	• Read common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and
 With support make inferences based on what is being said and done With teacher help, discuss their favourite words and phrases and begin to suggest and give 	where these occur in the word
• with teacher help, discuss their lavourite words and phrases and begin to suggest and give reasons	 Check that the text makes sense to them as they read and correct inaccurate reading With support, children are motivated to discuss new vocabulary and they can make plausible links
Year 2	• with support, children are motivated to discuss new vocabulary and they can make plausible links to words they know
• Discuss and explain their understanding of the meaning of vocabulary in the context of the text	Year 1 Greater Depth
Read most words containing common suffixes*	• With prompting, is beginning to discuss the author's vocabulary choices 'Why do you think he
In age-appropriate books, the pupil can:	used?
 Answer questions and make some inferences on the basis of what is being said and done 	

Ask and answer appropriate questions related to text	Year 2
Year 2 Greater Depth	Read accurately most words of two or more syllables
Discuss their favourite words and phrases and give reasons for this	Read most common exception words*.
• Make links between the book they are reading and other books they have read	In age-appropriate books, the pupil can:
Make a plausible prediction about what might happen on the basis	Read words accurately and fluently without overt sounding and blending
of what has been read so far. Give reasons for this	• Sound out most unfamiliar words accurately, without undue hesitation and check it makes sense to
	them
Writing	Year 2 Greater Depth
EYFS	Make inferences
Children use their phonic knowledge to write words in ways which match their spoken sounds.	• With greater confidence, can discuss vocab choices and begin to consider the impact
They also write some irregular common words.	
EYFS Greater depth	Writing
• Children can spell phonically regular words of more than one syllable as well as many irregular but	EYFS
high frequency words.	They write simple sentences which can be read by themselves and others.
Year 1	Some words are spelt correctly and others are phonetically plausible.
Sequence sentences to form short narratives	EYFS Greater depth
Punctuate sentences using a capital letter and a full stop mostly correctly	They use key features of narrative in their own writing.
Use conjunctions to join clauses e.g. 'and'	Year 1
Leave spaces between words	Use a capital letter for names of people, places, the days of the week mostly correctly
Use a capital letter for the personal pronoun 'l'	Spell words containing each of the 40+ phonemes already taught
Year 1 Greater Depth	mostly accurately
Link sentences together with increasing fluency to form a short narrative	• Show some accurate use of -ing -ed -er -est where no change
• Consistently punctuate sentences correctly and capitalize proper nouns consistently and accurately	is needed in the spelling of root words for example: helping, helped, helper
Year 2	Begin to form lower-case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place
• Write simple, coherent narratives about personal experiences and those of others (real or fictional)	
Write about real events, recording these simply and clearly	Year 1 Greater Depth
Demarcate most sentences in their writing with capital letters and full stops, and use question	Draw on stories they know to inform their language and sentence structure in their writing
marks correctly when required	• Re read writing and make appropriate revisions so that the word choices are effective
Use present and past tense mostly correctly and consistently	Year 2
Use spacing between words that reflects the size of letters Year 2 Greater Depth	• Use co-ordination (e.g. or/and/but) and some subordination (e.g. when/if/that/because) to join
Make simple additions, revisions and proofreading corrections to their own writing	clauses
Wake simple additions, revisions and propreading corrections to their own writing Use the punctuation taught at Key Stage 1 mostly correctly ^	Segment spoken words into phonemes and represent these by graphemes, spelling many of these
Spell most common exception words *	words correctly and making phonically plausible attempts at others
· open most common exception words	• Spell many common exception words *
	Form capital letters and digits of the correct size, orientation and relationship to one another and to lower case letters
	Year 2 Greater Depth
	Write effectively and coherently for different purposes, drawing on their reading to inform the
	 write enectively and concreting for different purposes, drawing on their reading to inform the vocabulary and grammar of their writing
	 Add suffixes to spell most words correctly in their writing (e.g. – ment, –ness, ful, –less, –ly) *
	Use the diagonal and horizontal strokes needed to join some letters
L	oso the diagonal and nonzontal strokes needed to join some letters